

# CEE 3804 Homework 5 Solution

## Problem 1

Figure 1 shows a sample pivot table presentation of the data.

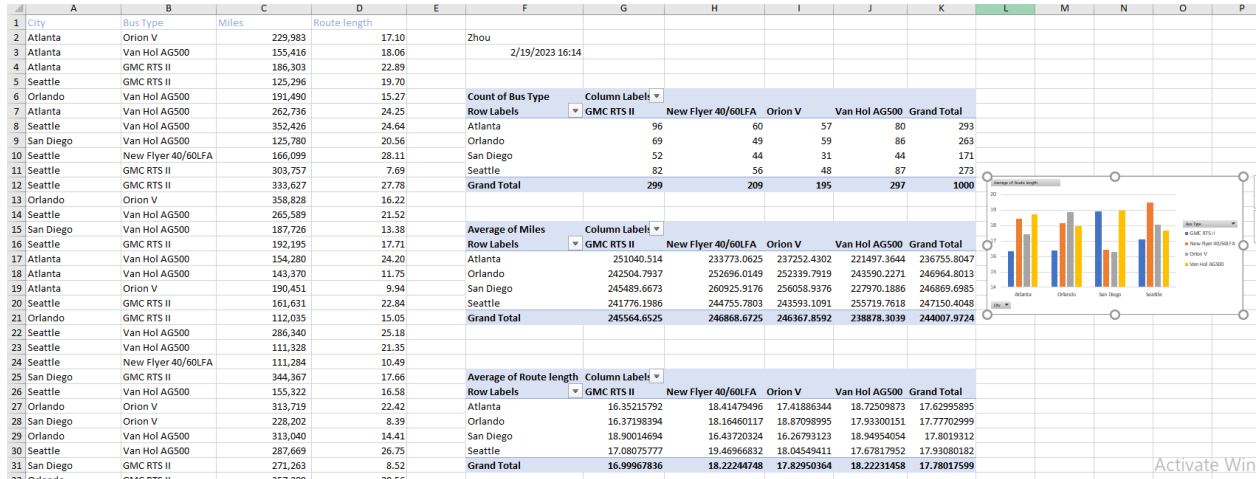


Figure 1. Pivot Table for Bus Asset Problem.

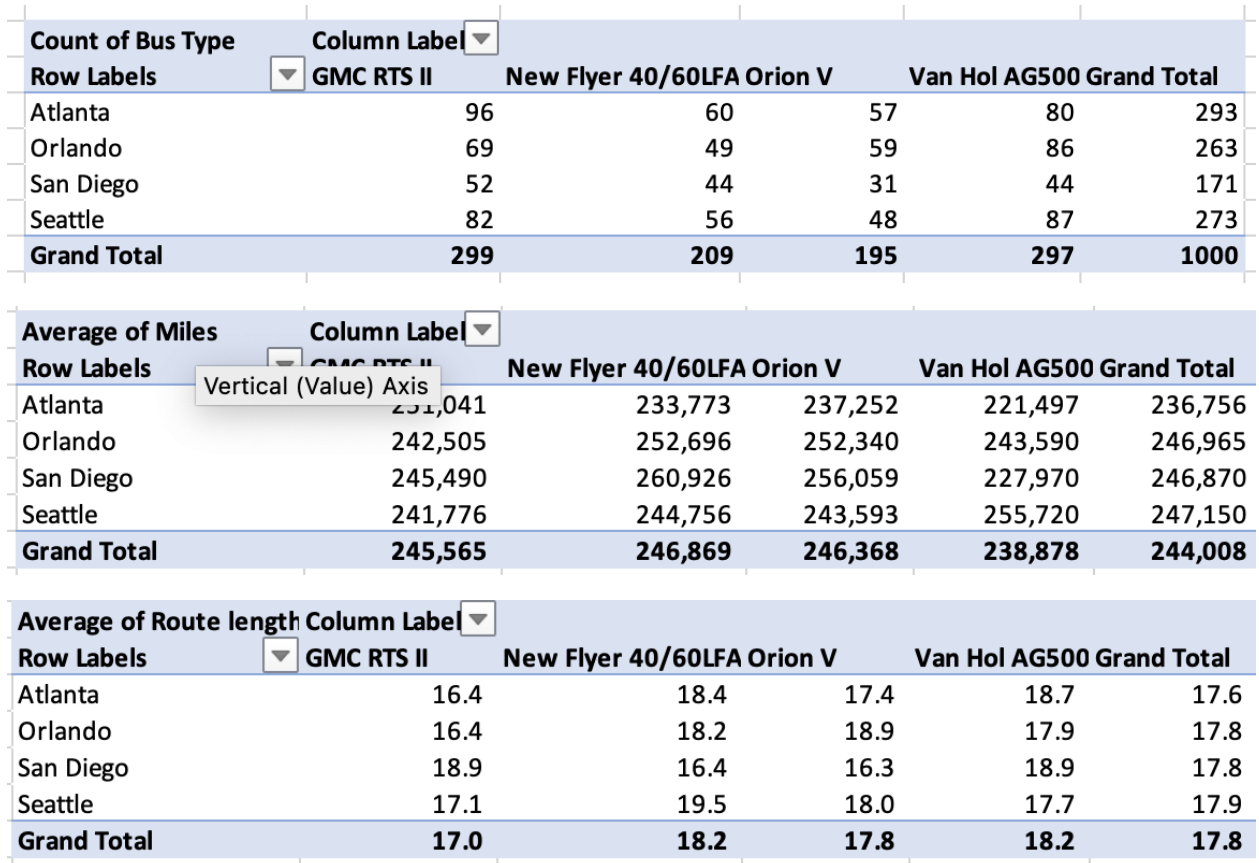


Figure 2. Summary Pivot Tables of Bus Asset Problem.

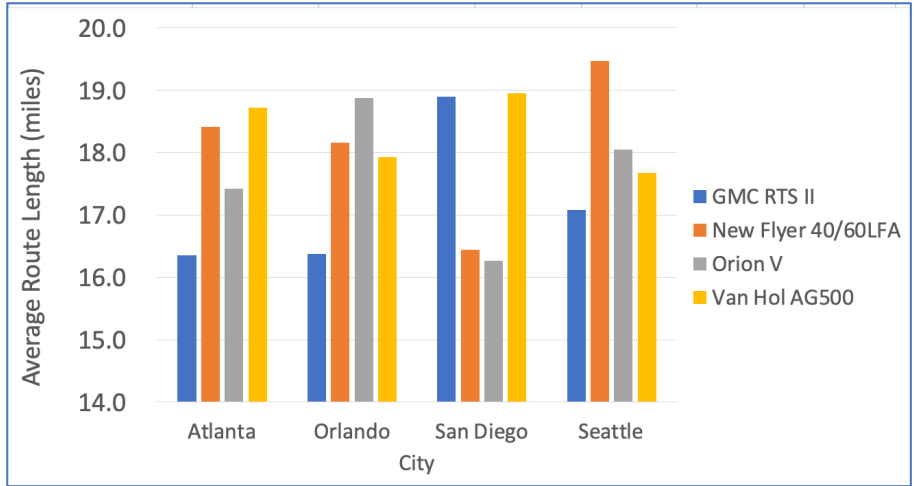


Figure 3. Average Route Length for Various Cities.

```

Sub Macro1()
'
' Macro1 Macro
'
'
Range("F2").Select
ActiveCell.FormulaR1C1 = "Zhou"
Range("F3").Select
ActiveCell.FormulaR1C1 = "2/19/2023 16:14"
Range("A1:D1").Select
With Selection.Font
.ThemeColor = xlThemeColorAccent1
.TintAndShade = 0.399975585192419
End With
Application.CutCopyMode = False
Cells.FormatConditions.Delete
Range("C2:C1001").Select
Range("A1").Activate
Selection.FormatConditions.AddTop10
Selection.FormatConditions(Selection.FormatConditions.Count).SetFirstPriority
With Selection.FormatConditions(1)
.TopBottom = xlTop10Top
.Rank = 1
.Percent = False
End With

```

Figure 4. Macro Generated by Excel to Create Summaries of Bus Assets.

**Problem 2**

Application of the Excel Macro developed in Problem 1 yields the following results.

- b) The average route length for buses New Flyer 40/60LFA operated in Los Angeles is 23.74
- c) There are 57 buses of type Van Hol AG500 are operated in San Francisco
- d) The average number of miles of Orion V operated in Boston 223,444.
- e) The average route length of GMC RTS II buses operated in Denver is 18.4.
- f) The city with the highest route length (average route length) is New York

**Problem 3**

Code for parts 1 through 5.

Answer of second question is 6.19 lbs/ton

Type of Train	Aerodynamic Coefficient (dim)	Step List	Speed List
Regular trains	0.07	1	10
Container trains	0.0935	5	20
Truck trailers	0.16	10	30
	Index of step list	1	40
			50
Type of Train	Container trains	Select Step	Select Speed
Step	1	1	70
Speed	70	70	7 Index of speed list
n	4		
w	18		
Speed (mph)	Train Resistance (lbs/ton)	<b>Calculate</b>	
0	1.711111069		
1	1.722409725		
2	1.736305594		
3	1.752798557		
4	1.771888852		

Figure 5. Train Resistance Calculation Spreadsheet.

B8=INDEX(D2:D4,D5)

B9=INDEX(F2:F8,F9)

Option Explicit

Dim R\_total As Single  
Dim w As Single  
Dim n As Single  
Dim V As Single  
Dim Typeoftrain As String  
Dim Maxspeed As Single  
Dim Speedstep As Single  
Dim speed As Single  
Dim K As Single  
Dim count As Integer  
Dim rowToStartTable As Integer

---

Sub Resistance()

' Subroutine to estimate train resistance (R\_total)  
,

' R\_total = train resistance (lbs/ton)  
' Typeoftrain = type of train (flat cars, etc.)  
' Maxspeed = speed in miles per hour  
' speedstep = increment of speed to estimate a 1  
' w = weight of car per axle (tons)

'  $R\_total = 0.6 + 20/w + 0.01V + KV^2/(wn)$

' Select the type of train  
' This has an influence in the aerodynamic coefficient

Range("B7").Select  
Typeoftrain = ActiveCell.Value

' Select the step size for speed  
Range("B8").Select  
Speedstep = ActiveCell.Value

Figure 6. VBA Code for Train Resistance Calculations.

```

' Select the step size for speed
Range("B8").Select
Speedstep = ActiveCell.Value

' Select the maximumtrain speed
Range("B9").Select
Maxspeed = ActiveCell.Value

' Select the number of axles per car
Range("B10").Select
n = ActiveCell.Value

' Select the weight per axle (ton)
Range("B11").Select
w = ActiveCell.Value

' Estimate the aerodynamic coefficient given the
' Estimate the aerodynamic coefficient given the ty
If Typeoftrain = "Regular trains" Then
    K = 0.07
Elseif Typeoftrain = "Container trains" Then
    K = 0.0935
Elseif Typeoftrain = "Truck trailers" Then
    K = 0.16
End If

' Clear the range to generate a table
Range("A15:B100").Clear
count = 0
rowToStartTable = 15

```

Figure 7. VBA Code for Train Resistance Calculations.

```

' Start a loop to perform multiple resistance calculations given Max
For speed = 0 To Maxspeed Step Speedstep

    '15 is the first row to write values in the table'

    Range("A" & count + rowToStartTable).Select
    ActiveCell.Value = speed

    R_total = 0.6 + 20 / w + 0.01 * speed + K * speed ^ 2 / (w * n)
    Range("B" & count + rowToStartTable).Select
    ActiveCell.Value = R_total

    count = count + 1

Next speed

```

Figure 8. VBA Code for Train Resistance Calculations.

#### Problem 4

	A	B	C
1	M_pendulum	6 kilograms	
2	m_bullet	0.0088 kilograms	
3	h	0.071 meters	
4	g	9.8 m/s <sup>2</sup>	
5	v_bullet	805.494 m/s	
6	K	2854.81	

```

Sub Vbullet()

Sheets("Sheet1").Select
Range("B1").Select
M_pendulum = ActiveCell.Value

Range("B2").Select
m_bullet = ActiveCell.Value

Range("B3").Select
h = ActiveCell.Value

Range("B4").Select
g = ActiveCell.Value

v_bullet = (M_pendulum + m_bullet) / m_bullet * Sqr(2 * g * h)

Call Kinetic(m_bullet, v_bullet, K)

Range("B5").Select
ActiveCell.Value = v_bullet

Range("B6").Select
ActiveCell.Value = K

End Sub

```

```

Sub Kinetic(m_bullet, v_bullet, K)

K = 0.5 * m_bullet * v_bullet ^ 2

End Sub

```